

ALAC / At-Large | DNS Abuse Mitigation

ICANN87 · GAC Plenary · Protecting individual Internet users

QUESTION 1 · PDP1

Main hurdles to effective recommendations

Clear ADC scope and trigger

Actionable evidence; intermittent abuse; compromised-domain exclusion without gaps in existing mitigation duties.

Enforceable investigations

Consistent minimum standard, prompt reasonable checks, meaningful indicators and registrar accountability — including resellers.

Effectiveness and end-user harm

Assess campaign disruption, erroneous associations, false positives and unintended impacts.

Separate follow-up: assess whether recourse for erroneous mitigation is adequate.

QUESTION 2 · PDP2

Scope and ALAC priorities

Technology-neutral scope

Registration at scale by volume or speed; access by new or untrusted accounts, resellers and authorized third parties.

Priority: prevent harm to people

Make phishing, malware and other DNS Abuse campaigns harder to launch at scale.

Policy objectives

Clarify registration at scale and trust criteria; use activity- and risk-based safeguards; build on PDP1 without re-litigation.

Set objectives in the Charter; allow the future PDP to design detailed safeguards.

GLOBAL PUBLIC INTEREST · GPIF / HRIA / DPIA

Real end-user benefits · inclusion · human rights and privacy · unintended harm