WHOIS and Data Protection Policy

10 March 2019





ICANN64 GAC Plenary Meeting - Agenda Item 6.1

GAC Discussion on WHOIS Policy in Kobe



- WHOIS and Data Protection Policy Agenda Item 6.1 (this session)
- GAC Meeting with the GNSO Agenda Item 7.2 (Today 15:15-16:15)
- Preparation for meeting with the ICANN Board Agenda Item 9.1 (Monday 13:30-14:30)
- Cross Community Session on Next Steps in ICANN's response to the GDPR (Monday 15:15-16:45)
- WHOIS and Data Protection Policy Agenda Item 10.2 (Tuesday 9:00-10:15)
- Briefing to the GAC from the Technical Study Group on Access to gTLD Registration Data - Agenda Item 12.3 (Tuesday 14:30-15:00)
- GAC Meeting with the ICANN Board Agenda Item 13.1 (Tuesday 15:15-16:45)



Agenda



- 1. Takeaways of the Cross Community Session
- 2. EPDP Phase 2
- 3. Follow-up on Previous Developments



Takeaways of the Cross Community Session N | G A C

- Need for precise timeline, with interim milestones (but concerns with workload driving away valuable contributions)
- Need for clearly defined, narrow scope
- Accreditation
- Codes of conduct
- Need for ability to cross-reference data to meet law enforcement investigative needs
- Recognition of end-users right to know who they are dealing with online
- Implementation options should be considered in parallel to policy development in Phase 2
- Requests for legal Advice and guidance from DPAs
- Need to manage risks of liability



EPDP Phase 2 (possible GAC Advice)



Priorities for the GAC

- Clearly defined and definite timeframe to deliver expeditiously
- Clearly defined and narrow scope
- Concerns: Many complex issues of Phase 1 pushed to Phase 2
- Need sound legal advice upfront and throughout
- Additional priorities identified by GAC Members ?



Follow-up on Previous Developments



- ICANN's <u>Framework Elements</u> (18 June 2018) and <u>Draft Framework for</u>
 <u>a Possible Unified Access Model</u> (20 August 2018) called on the GAC
 and governments to (or contribute to):
 - Identify broad categories of eligible user groups
 - Identify relevant bodies with expertise to authenticate users
 - Develop the standardized terms and safeguards common across each Code of Conduct
 - List authorities to be accredited
- <u>Letter</u> from ICANN CEO (4 Sept. 2018) requesting guidance from Governments on ways to diminish the legal risk for data controllers:
 - Recognition of WHOIS as "necessary for the performance of a task carried out in the public interest or in the exercise of official authority vested in the controller"
 - Possibility to delegate to a third party the decision-making authority to make determinations about whether a particular person or categories of persons (e.g. law enforcement authorities, intellectual property rights holders) have a legitimate interest in accessing non-public WHOIS data



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